LAB # 13 Evaluation

Task No 01: Write a Fraction class that has a constructor that takes a numerator and a denominator. If the user passes in a denominator of 0, throw an exception of type std::runtime\_error (included in the stdexcept header). In your main program, ask the user to enter two integers. If the Fraction is valid, print the fraction. If the Fraction is invalid, catch a std::exception, and tell the user that they entered an invalid fraction.

Code:

Main:

public class Main {

    public static void main(String[] args) {

        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);

        try {

            System.out.print("Enter the numerator: ");

            int numerator = scanner.nextInt();

            System.out.print("Enter the denominator: ");

            int denominator = scanner.nextInt();

            Fraction fraction = new Fraction(numerator, denominator);

            fraction.printFraction();

        } catch (InvalidFractionException e) {

            System.out.println("Invalid fraction: " + e.getMessage());

        } catch (Exception e) {

            System.out.println("An error occurred: " + e.getMessage());

        }

    }

}

Exception:

import java.util.Scanner;

class InvalidFractionException extends RuntimeException {

    public InvalidFractionException(String message) {

        super(message);

    }

}

Fraction:

class Fraction {

    private int numerator;

    private int denominator;

    public Fraction(int numerator, int denominator) {

        if (denominator == 0) {

            throw new InvalidFractionException("Invalid fraction: Division by zero");

        }

        this.numerator = numerator;

        this.denominator = denominator;

    }

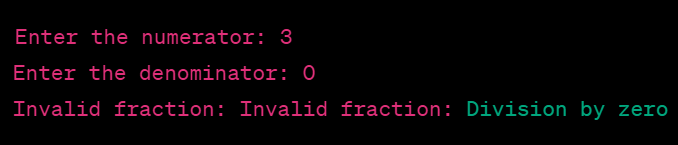
    public void printFraction() {

        System.out.println(numerator + "/" + denominator);

    }

}

Output:



Task No 02: Write a program which implements Banking System by having all standard functionalities and will be implemented by branches. Try to identify and implement user defined exceptions for the system.

Hint:

* Create Bank Class
* public void Create Account(){}
* public void deposit() throws Exception{

System.out.println(“Enter Amount to be deposited:);

If(deposit>100000)

throw new Exception(“\n you cant deposit this big amount”);

Else

balance=balance+deposit;

}

* Public void withdraw() throws Exception{} (same logic as deposit)

Code:

Main:

public class BankingSystem {

    public static void main(String[] args) {

        Bank bank = new Bank();

        try {

            bank.createAccount();

            bank.deposit();

            bank.withdraw();

        } catch (LimitExceededException e) {

            System.out.println("Exception occurred: " + e.getMessage());

        } catch (Exception e) {

            System.out.println("An error occurred: " + e.getMessage());

        }

    }

}

Exception:

import java.util.Scanner;

class LimitExceededException extends Exception {

    public LimitExceededException(String message) {

        super(message);

    }

}

Bank:

class Bank {

    private double balance;

    public Bank() {

        balance = 0;

    }

    public void createAccount() {

        System.out.println("Account created successfully!");

    }

    public void deposit() throws LimitExceededException {

        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);

        System.out.print("Enter amount to be deposited: ");

        double deposit = scanner.nextDouble();

        scanner.nextLine();

        if (deposit > 100000) {

            throw new LimitExceededException("\nYou can't deposit this big amount");

        } else {

            balance += deposit;

            System.out.println("Deposit successful!");

        }

    }

    public void withdraw() throws LimitExceededException {

        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);

        System.out.print("Enter amount to be withdrawn: ");

        double withdrawal = scanner.nextDouble();

        scanner.nextLine();

        if (withdrawal > 100000) {

            throw new LimitExceededException("\nYou can't withdraw this big amount");

        } else if (withdrawal > balance) {

            throw new LimitExceededException("\nInsufficient balance");

        } else {

            balance -= withdrawal;

            System.out.println("Withdrawal successful!");

        }

    }

}

Output:

